

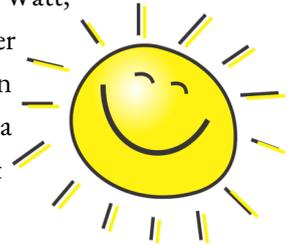
Five Monetary Questions!



When faced with the matrix of problems which surround money, it is almost inevitable that we will need to consider five primal monetary questions. ‘What is money?’ ‘What is the measure for money?’ ‘Who shall create the monetary supply?’ ‘Who shall profit from the streams of interest?’ ‘Shall we create our monetary supply as an asset, or as a debt?’

‘What is money?’ Money can be defined as ‘human life force, traded within a marketplace.’ This definition fulfills Aristotle’s five requirements for authentic money, to be portable, durable, divisible, easily recognisable, and intrinsically valuable. This definition also gives us the opportunity to create a monetary system which fulfils the economists’ dream for a 100% reserve currency, operating using the minimal technological costs, those of debt, interest, taxation, and inflation!

‘What is the measure for money?’ The measure for money, similar to the electrical measure of the Watt, becomes ‘the distance that a typical human being, walking at the normal speed of 5km/hr, will cover within one hour, that is 5000 metres.’ This monetary unit is a measure of human physiology, human psyche, time, distance and the speed of light, as a metre is a measure of the speed of light within a vacuum. This is a monetary measure which has echoed throughout the historical human journey, it is a measure which is intrinsically familiar to the human psyche!

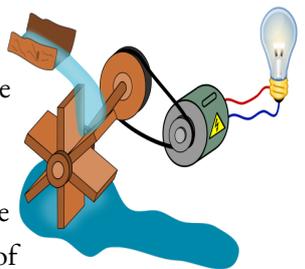


‘Who shall own the monetary supply?’ The monetary supply shall be owned by the nation’s Treasury and controlled by the peoples’ parliament. This monetary supply should never be privatised, into systems of usury, even though, in our modern era, this has been the dark fate of almost every nation in our world, with our nations forced to accept the Charter from the privately owned, Bank of England, created in AD1694, a Charter which gave the private bankers the power to ‘create money from nothing, to impose compound interest upon this money, and to demand taxation from the people to pay this interest!’



‘Who shall derive the benefits from the streams of interest?’ All interest payments shall be returned to the nation’s Treasury, to be used for the ‘good of all’. Where possible, loans shall be created as interest-free assets so the monetary supply bears the minimal financial costs.

‘Shall we create the monetary supply as an asset or as a debt?’ This question is almost too obvious to answer! The monetary supply is the greatest national treasure so the monetary supply should be created as a nationally owned asset, controlled by the Treasury and owned by the people.



When we follow these five simple monetary precepts, the nation’s monetary supply functions in the same way that a hydro lake creates electricity, powering our nation with an efficiency, millions of times greater, than if we had used capital borrowed from the international debt markets, the modern version of the slave markets from history!



In the Australian example, twenty-five million people, times an average of \$20 an hour, times 40 hours per week, times fifty weeks per year, creates a hydro lake of one trillion dollars, a lake which would power the Australian nation, free from the four financial demons, those of debt, interest, taxation, and inflation!

When will we awaken to this asset monetary system, based upon human life force? Or will we, even to the last days of the human age upon our planet, still be arguing over the five primal monetary questions, and still be struggling in psychopathic ways, clasped within egoic desire, as we attempt, in a ‘Game of Financial Thrones’, to seize the greatest treasure within our nation, the ownership of the monetary supply!

‘The love of money, is the root of all evil!’